

GAA Fun Do

NURSERY PROGRAMME RESOURCE







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Promoting the GAA Code of Best Practice for Youth Sport



Media Partners

THE IRISH TIMES

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Images and video footage of all young people have been used with the permission of parents or quardians.

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DVD

The ABC/Have a Ball Resource DVD is located in the inside back cover



TEACHTAIREACHT AN UACHTARÁIN

Is cúis mhór áthais dom cúpla focail a scríobh ar fhoilsiú an leabhair thábhachtaigh seo.

The GAA Fun Do Learning Resource Pack is the product of an enormous amount of research and preparation and I want to extend my thanks to all those who have had an input into this vital resource. It is designed to promote participation for all, and to present Gaelic games as a fun recreation for our youth as they learn the skills and techniques of Gaelic games in a healthy, structured and relaxed environment.



The programme is intended to address the social, physical and psychological needs of young players and as such is an exciting and progressive development for the Association. It aims to cater for different levels of development, for differing abilities and needs and to develop a sense of fair play with an overall purpose of encouraging children to reach their full potential.

The GAA has a proud history of innovation in the area of Games Development. I extend my thanks to the countless thousands of coaches, teachers and parents who have been proactive in this area over the years. Their contribution is a large part of the reason that the GAA continues to thrive and develop across the country. This latest initiative has the potential to make an enormous difference to the lives of young people who are attracted to our games and for this reason everyone involved with Fun Do should be extremely proud.

Ráth Dé oraibh go léir,

Mioilas D Bramain

Nioclás Ó Braonáin

Uachtarán

INTRODUCTION



The ABC/Have a Ball Nursery Programmes are a series of fun-based exercises to develop movement skills for children aged 4-8 years old. These skills form the basis for the later development of the specific skills of Hurling and Gaelic Football. The level of competency with which one can perform these skills is referred to as their level of Physical Literacy.

Movement and ball manipulation skills should be developed in the early years of physical development to provide the basis for all further development. However, they should be practised throughout the career development of a player, and are typically utilised as elements of warm-up activities for both developing and elite players.

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This resource incorporates a number of elements which enable coaches to assist and challenge players to develop their full potential in a fun-filled environment.

These elements are as follows:

- ABC Programme
- Have a Ball Programme
- Sample Sessions

The ABC Programme provides a range of activities which can be used to develop movement skills incorporating Agility, Balance, Coordination, Running and Jumping. ABC stands for Acquiring Bilateral Coordination, whereby each of the skills are developed on the left and right sides of the body, using left and right hands and feet.

Movement and ball manipulation activities are an integral part of the child's development

The Have a Ball Programme provides a range of activities which can be used to develop ball manipulation skills. These skills include Throwing, Catching & Passing, Kicking and Striking. Activities in this section focus on the participants' ability to play with and manipulate balls of various sizes, shapes and weights.



In both the ABC and Have a
Ball sections there are three
different levels to choose from,
depending on the ability of the
group. Level 1 exercises are the
easiest, Level 2 more challenging
while Level 3 exercises are
the most challenging. With a
particular level there are a number
of activities which can be used to

develop the skill, and which are interchangeable to ensure variation in sessions.

The Sample Sessions provide coaches with a number of ideas in terms of structuring and/or varying their sessions. A number of blank sessions are also included on the basis that coaches will be able to build a bank of quality sessions which reflect and contribute to best coaching practice.

INTRODUCTION

Further information on setting up a Nursery can be found in the Coaching Information Resource section.

The Fun Do Learning Resource Pack provides the complete interactive learning package that embraces Nursery activities, Skill Development activities, Skills Awards and Games. It has been designed to ensure that these are delivered in a manner which facilitates learning and which gives practical expression to the vision and mission of ensuring that people 'Play and Stay with the GAA'.

UNDERSTANDING THE ICONS

Throughout the document a series of Icons are used. Below is what they stand for.

EQUIPMENT ICONS













Marker

adder

Football

Cones

Sliotar

Hurley



NURSERY PROGRAMME

(0)

AGILITY / BALANCE / COORDINATION / RUNNING / JUMPING

INTRODUCTION



Welcome to the ABC section of the Fun Do Learning Resource Pack.

The skills outlined here have been identified as appropriate to develop movement skills for players between the ages of 4 and 8. There are three

levels of exercises outlined. Remember that some players develop quicker than others. In this case progress to the exercises outlined in Levels 2 and 3 of this resource.

AGILITY

Agility is the ability to change direction quickly and control the movement of the whole body. It is important that players develop the ability to move in a variety of directions, leading off both the left and right feet.

BALANCE

Balance is the ability to maintain a stable orientation in relation to the immediate environment. Developing good balance skills is important in Gaelic games as players are often required to perform skills while off balance or while balanced on one foot.

COORDINATION

Coordination is the ability to move different body parts simultaneously or in sequence in order to perform a specific task. Gaelic games require a good sense of coordination, as players are required to perform skills that involve hand-eye coordination, foot-eye coordination and hand-foot coordination at various stages.

RUNNING

Running is a basic movement skill that involves the coordinated movement of the arms and legs. It is important that players have a good running technique and posture, as poor running technique can result in difficulty performing some skills and may lead to injury.

JUMPING

Jumping is an important skill in Gaelic games.

To develop their true potential players need to develop the ability to jump in a variety of directions, over various distances and from a variety of starting positions.





These are fun exercises to develop Agility

EXERCISE TRAVELLING

ORGANISATION

The players travel around the playing area in different directions and in as many different ways as possible e.g. jogging, hopping, jumping, sideways, backwards etc.

KEY POINTS

- Each player uses a different pathway
- When moving sideways, don't cross legs
- When moving backwards, look over each shoulder and move on the balls of the feet



EXERCISE (2) SIGNAL MAN

ORGANISATION

- The players move in different directions on a signal from the Coach or a designated player
- Incorporate different actions or movements for specific signals



- The players must remain alert and ready to change direction or action
- Move on the balls of the feet to adjust position easily



EXERCISE 3 DODGEMS

ORGANISATION

- The players travel around the playing area while avoiding the markers and the other players while pretending to drive dodgems or bumper cars
- To make the task more difficult, reduce the size of the playing area

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Change pathways to avoid other players
- No bumping



EXERCISE (4) BACK TO BACK

ORGANISATION

- The players move around the playing area randomly while avoiding the other players
- On a signal from the Coach they pair off quickly and stand back to back

KEY POINTS

Move close to the other player before turning back to back



1 AGILITY

EXERCISE (5) CLOSING THE SPACE



ORGANISATION

- The players move around the playing area while avoiding the other players
- The Coach reduces the size of the playing area throughout by acting as a perimeter on one side thereby making the task gradually more difficult

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No bumping

EXERCISE (6) MUSICAL CHAIRS



ORGANISATION

- The players run around the playing area randomly
- On a signal from the Coach each player must find a marker in order to remain in the game
- One marker is removed before each round until only one player remains

KEY POINTS

No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE 7 FOX AND HEN



ORGANISATION

- One player is designated the 'fox'
- The 'fox' must chase the other players designated 'hens' around the playing area
- When a 'hen' is tagged they become the new 'fox'
- The 'hens' are safe when standing on the round markers

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No harsh grabbing, pushing or bumping

EXERCISE 8 1, 2, 3 RED LIGHTS



ORGANISATION

- One player acts as a 'caller' with their back to the rest of the players
- The 'caller' gives a signal for the other players to move forward
- They then call out '1, 2, 3 Red Lights' and turn around
- Any player they catch still moving is out
- The exercise continues until only one player remains

- The players must remain alert to react to the signal
- Focus on balance when stopping

2 AGILITY EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Agility

EXERCISE 1 TOUCH THE DOME

ORGANISATION

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- Place different coloured markers or domes around the playing area
- Challenge the players to touch 3 caps of the same colour in succession
- Then, challenge them to touch 3 different coloured markers in succession
- The Coach may also call a colour to which the players must travel

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Touch the markers with the toes before moving quickly to the next cap



EXERCISE (2) BRIDGES AND RIVERS

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, one player designated the 'bridge' and the second the 'river'
- The players run around the playing area, and on a signal from the Coach the 'bridges' balance on their hands and feet while the 'rivers' crawl under the 'bridges'
- The 'rivers' can also crawl under the 'bridges' from back to front as well as side to side

KEY POINTS

- Move quickly into the bridge position
- 'Rivers' get down low and shuffle using the forearms and lower legs



EXERCISE (3) NUMBERS AND SHAPES

ORGANISATION

- The players run around the playing area and on a signal from the Coach make a shape or formation, for example a square or triangle
- A variation of the exercise is for the Coach to call a number and for the players to group into that number as quickly as possible

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping



EXERCISE (4) DODGE THE DOME

ORGANISATION

- The players approach a marker or dome and side-step past it; encourage use of both sides
- Start at a slow or walking pace before gradually increasing the speed as the players become more comfortable
- This exercise can also be performed with a partner; one player remains stationary while the other jogs forward and side steps past them

- Plant the lead foot firmly on the ground, transferring the body weight to the foot
- Push hard off the planted foot to 'spring' to the other side
- Plant the opposite foot and continue forward in the new direction



2 AGILITY

EXERCISE 🚺 TOE TOUCH



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; each player attempts to touch the toes of their partner by moving their feet quickly
- Ensure the players do not stamp on their partner's toes
- Challenge the players to score five touches
- To vary this exercise the players must attempt to touch each other's knees with theirs

KEY POINTS

- Lightly touch the partner's toes when their foot is placed on the ground
- No stamping or pushing

EXERCISE 📵 FREEZING



ORGANISATION

- The players run around the playing area randomly
- On a signal the players must freeze and hold their position until the Coach signals them to run around again

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Stop with knees slightly bent, one foot in front of the other for balance; arms should be bent at the elbows, in opposition to the legs, e.g. right leg forward, left arm forward
- After stopping move off quickly in a new direction

EXERCISE 7 TAIL TAG



ORGANISATION

- Place a velcro tag or band at the back of the players shorts
- In pairs or with designated chasers the aim is to grab the tails from the other players
- The players with the tails must avoid the chasers by using evasion techniques

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE (B) MIRROR MIRROR



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, with one player in each pair designated the leader
- The second player must copy the movements of the leader
- Switch the roles after a set time

- Watch the leaders movement, not their eyes, to quickly copy their actions
- No pushing or bumping

AGILITY EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Agility

EXERCISE (1) CHASING SHADOWS

ORGANISATION

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- The players work in pairs, with one player in each pair designated the leader.
- The leader runs around the playing area being followed by their partner.
- Whichever way the leader moves the partner must follow as quickly as possible; when the leader stops the partner must also stop
- Switch the roles after a set time

KEY POINTS

- Stop with knees slightly bent, one foot in front of the other for balance; arms should be bent at the elbows, in opposition to the legs, e.g. right leg forward, left arm forward
- After stopping, move off quickly in a new direction
- No pushing or bumping



ORGANISATION

- Place lots of obstacles or domes/mines inside the playing area
- Divide the players into 4 groups, 1 at each side of the playing area; each player has a ball
- The players must dodge the 'mines' as they travel from one side of the playing area to the other, bouncing a ball
- Initially one team at a time navigates the minefield; gradually increase the number of teams navigating the minefield at the same time

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE 3 ZIG-ZAG SLALOM RUN

ORGANISATION

- Place poles or cones approximately 3m apart in a zig-zag formation.
- The players must dodge around each of the poles
- The players should drive off the outside leg when rounding each pole
- To vary the exercise challenge the players to go sideways and backwards through the slalom

KEY POINTS

- Use the side-step technique
- Push or drive off the outside leg to 'dodge' around each pole

EXERCISE (4) ON THE NUMBER

ORGANISATION

- Use a numbered mat or mark out sections on the floor
- Coach or another player calls moves for the player on the mat, e.g. left hand to no. 4
- Include hopping, jumping and moving the hands and legs individually and in combination

KEY POINTS

Visualise the move before completing it







3 AGILITY

EXERCISE S TEAM MINEFIELD



ORGANISATION

- Place lots of obstacles or domes/mines inside the playing area
- Divide the players into 4 teams numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, one at each side of the playing area
- The Coach calls the number of a team and a second number, for example 3 and 2, and team 3 must run across the playing area twice, avoiding the caps
- Players must dodge the 'mines' as they travel from 1 side of the playing area to the other

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE 📵 WRIST TAG



ORGANISATION

- Divide the players into pairs; each player wears two velcro tags, 1 attached to each wrist
- The players must attempt to grab the tags from their partner while avoiding the efforts of their partner to do the same

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE 7 MATCH THE MOVE



ORGANISATION

- Divide the players into pairs; each player works in a grid with a centre marker
- One player is designated the leader who moves to each corner of the grid randomly, using different ways of travelling e.g. backwards, sideways, skipping, hopping etc.
- The second player must match the direction and the way the leader moves within their own grid
- Introduce a ball as the players become more competent

KEY POINTS

- Watch the leaders' movement, not their eyes, to quickly copy their actions
- Return quickly to the centre marker to prepare for the next movement

EXERCISE (B) MINEFIELD WITH TARGETS



ORGANISATION

- Place lots of obstacles or domes/mines inside the playing area; include a number of hoops
- Divide the players into 4 teams, one at each side of the playing area; each player has a ball
- The players must dodge the 'mines' as they travel from one side of the playing area to the other bouncing the ball in any hoop they pass
- Initially one team at a time navigates the minefield; gradually increase the number of teams navigating the minefield at the same time

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

BALANCE EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Balance

EXERCISE (1) COPY CAT

ORGANISATION

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- The players copy the Coach who guides them through a series of pulse raising and mobilisation movements
- Incorporate mobilisation exercises at regular intervals between the pulse raising exercises

KEY POINTS

- Gradually increase the intensity of the activity
- Include a moderate version of activities to be performed later in the session



EXERCISE (2) LEANING TOWER

ORGANISATION

- The players sway or lean in different directions while in a standing position
- Beginning with the feet comfortably apart, lean forward and then back; lean as far as possible while maintaining balance
- Then, lean to either side
- Raise the arms out to each side and stand on one leg, then the other
- Repeat the sequence with the eyes closed

KEY POINTS

- Place the feet comfortably apart
- Find the centre of balance by swaying from side to side and back and forward



EXERCISE (3) WALK LIKE AN ANIMAL

ORGANISATION

- The players mimic the movements of common animals such as the dog, the limping dog, the crab, the snake and the rabbit
- To further progress these exercises get the players to change from mimicking one animal to another on a signal or once they have reached a marker or cone
- Introduce animal relay races to further challenge the players

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Change pathways to avoid other players
- No bumping



EXERCISE 4 ROLY-POLY

ORGANISATION

- Lying on their backs on the ground the players curl into a ball
- At first roll side to side, then roll forward and back

KEY POINTS

Attempt to achieve a rhythm without losing balance



1 BALANCE

EXERCISE 🚺 WREST THE BALL



ORGANISATION

Two players attempt to wrest a ball from each other; use a swiss ball or stability ball

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there are safety mats in place and that the players are suitably matched
- Place the feet wide apart with one foot in front of the other to provide a strong base

EXERCISE 6 THE PARCEL



ORGANISATION

- One player lies on the ground holding a ball while curled up as tight as possible
- A second player must attempt to wrest each limb of the player from around the ball one by one until they can take the ball from their possession
- Once a limb has been wrested away, the player holding the ball cannot move it back to protect the ball

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there is no rough handling and that the players are suitably matched
- The wresting player should place the feet wide apart with one foot in front of the other to provide a strong base

EXERCISE 7) THE POSTAGE STAMP



ORGANISATION

- One player lies on their back pretending to be stuck to the ground
- A second player attempts to wrest each limb of the player from the ground one by one; the first player resists
- Once a limb has been lifted from the ground the player cannot replace it
- Once all limbs are lifted switch roles

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there is no rough handling and that the players are suitably matched
- The wresting player should place the feet wide apart with one foot in front of the other to provide a strong base.

EXERCISE (8) WALK THE LINE



ORGANISATION

- The players walk along a line or strip of tape or flat marker on the floor
- Challenge them to turn fully around in the middle
- Then challenge them to complete the task with their eyes closed

- Stand upright
- Raise the arms to the sides to help maintain balance

BALANCE EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Balance

EXERCISE 1 SQUAT BALANCE

ORGANISATION

- The players raise their hands out to the front and squat down by bending their knees
- Raise the hands above the head and stand up on the toes
- Repeat the sequence with their eyes closed

KEY POINTS

- Lean slightly forward but keep the head up
- Do not bend the knees beyond 90 degrees



EXERCISE 2 TIGHT ROPE

ORGANISATION

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- The players walk a rope placed along the floor
- Challenge them to walk the rope backwards or sideways
- Further challenge them to complete the task with their eyes closed

KEY POINTS

- Stand upright
- Raise the arms to the sides to help maintain balance



EXERCISE (3) BODY BALANCE II

ORGANISATION

- Sitting on the ground the players raise their hips to balance on their hands and feet
- Raise each leg alternatively off the ground
- Then challenge them to raise both feet momentarily

KEY POINTS

Make each movement at a slow steady pace



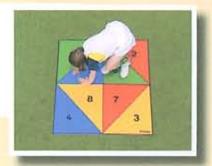
EXERCISE (4) ON THE NUMBER

ORGANISATION

- Use a numbered mat or mark out sections on the floor
- The Coach or another player calls moves for the player on the mat, e.g. left hand to number 4
- Include hopping, jumping and moving the hands and legs individually and in combination

KEY POINTS

Visualise the move before completing it



2 BALANCE

EXERCISE 5 WOBBLE AND BALANCE



ORGANISATION

- Use an unstable object like a wobble board or cushion
- To begin the players stand still on the board for as long as possible
- Then move through a variety of balance positions while remaining on the wobble board
- Close the eyes to increase the difficulty
- Use two or more wobble boards; get the players to balance using different combinations of arms and legs, or to move from kneeling or ground positions into standing positions

KEY POINTS

- Keep the upper body tall
- Raise the arms to the sides to help maintain balance

EXERCISE (5) SIT AND BALANCE



ORGANISATION

- The player sits on a stability ball or swiss ball and moves through a series of balance positions
- Begin by sitting on the ball and raising the arms out to the side
- Walk the feet forward and lie back on the ball; walk the feet back and attempt to place the hands on the ground behind the head

- Now sit on the ball with the feet together
- Lift both feet off the ground and balance on the ball without using the hands
- To vary this exercise kneel and balance on the ball

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there are safety mats in place
- Tighten the stomach muscles

EXERCISE 7 BELLY UP



ORGANISATION

- The player lies on their back with their feet on the stability ball
- Raise one foot and then the other
- Lift the hips off the ground

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there are safety mats in place
- Tighten the stomach muscles

EXERCISE (8) STABILITY BALL PRESS UP



ORGANISATION

- Lying on a stability ball the player walks forward to place their hands on the ground
- Continue forward until the lower legs are resting on the ball
- Challenge the players to do a press up

- Ensure that there are safety mats in place
- Tighten the stomach muscles

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BALANCE EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Balance

EXERCISE (1) CHANGE THE SHAPE

ORGANISATION

- The player lies face down on the ground
- Raise the arms and legs individually, then together on opposite sides & then the same side
- Move into the press-up position by lifting the body onto the arms and feet
- Rotate the feet to the side while continuing to balance on the arms; raise the top foot into the air.
- Return to the press-up position; lift the feet to balance on the knees



Make each movement at a slow steady pace



EXERCISE 🔼 BODY BALANCE III

ORGANISATION

- The players begin by lying down on their backs
- Lift the legs into the air and raise the hips supported by the hands
- Cycle the legs backwards and forwards
- Spread the legs wide in different directions

KEY POINTS

- Place the elbows directly below the hands to increase support
- Make each movement at a slow steady pace



EXERCISE 3 SUPERMAN

ORGANISATION

- Lie over the ball with both feet on the ground
- Lift the opposite arm and leg alternatively, holding the position for as long as possible
- Then raise both arms out to the side

KEY POINTS

Ensure that there are safety mats in place



EXERCISE (4) MIRROR BALL

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, facing each other and supporting the stability ball between them
- One person leads the movement while the other must mirror the movement to ensure the ball remains aloft

- Make each movement at a slow steady pace
- Place the hands slightly below the middle of the ball



BALANCE

EXERCISE



TUG OF WAR



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, each standing on an unstable object like a wobble board or cushion and holding a rope between them
- The aim of the exercise is to dislodge the other player from their wobble board.

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there are safety mats in place
- Stand upright; place one foot in front of the other and bend the knees slightly

EXERCISE



BALANCE AND PASS



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, each sitting on a stability ball
- Throw the ball over and back
- Continue the exercise, first lifting one foot off the ground then both feet
- To further increase the difficulty, challenge them to use the fist or hand pass

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that there are safety mats in place
- Sit upright
- Tighten the stomach muscles

EXERCISE



WOBBLE AND CATCH



ORGANISATION

- The player stands on an unstable object like a wobble board or cushion
- Another player or the Coach throws the ball from different positions and at different heights for the player to catch
- Using two wobble boards work in pairs
- Challenge the players to continue the exercise while standing on one leg
- Use a smaller ball and a one-handed throw to challenge the catcher further

KEY POINTS

Stand upright; place one foot in front of the other and bend the knees slightly

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COORDINATION

EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Coordination

EXERCISE (1)

CIRCLE TIME

ORGANISATION

- Sit the players in a circle
- The Coach guides them through a series of exercises using the hands and feet
- Include raising the feet off the ground and tapping the hands and feet off the ground

KEY POINTS

Gradually increase the intensity of the activity



EXERCISE

BODY PARTS

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs
- On a signal from the Coach the players touch using different body parts

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping



EXERCISE 3

LOG ROLL

ORGANISATION

- The players roll along the ground with their arms and feet extended
- Progress to perform the roll while attempting to keep the arms and feet off the ground

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Hold the arms together and the legs together



EXERCISE



BODY BALANCE I

ORGANISATION

- The players balance on their hands and feet
- On all fours lift one arm up and out to the front, then the other
- Now lift one leg off the ground, then the other
- Lift the opposite arm and leg at the same time and vice versa
- Finally lift the arm and leg at the same side and vice versa

KEY POINTS

Make each movement at a slow steady pace



1 COORDINATION

EXERCISE (5) ROLEY POLEY



ORGANISATION

- Lying on their backs on the ground, the players curl into a ball
- At first roll side to side, then roll forward and back

KEY POINTS

Attempt to achieve a rhythm without losing balance

EXERCISE 6 BOP ALONG



ORGANISATION

- The players sit with their legs out in front
- Beginning slowly swing each hand up to the side of the head in turn as if running
- Speed up as technique improves
- Progress the exercise by getting the players to swing their arms while standing.

KEY POINTS

- Sit upright
- Attempt to achieve a rhythm without losing control

EXERCISE 7 MARCHING



ORGANISATION

- Marching on the spot, the players bring their knees up high and swing the arms, bending at the elbows
- Progress to a walking march

KEY POINTS

- Stand upright with the head up
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e. lift the right knee and right arm simultaneously and vice versa

EXERCISE (B) STEPPING STONES



ORGANISATION

- Place a number of markers around the playing area
- The players move from one marker to another using one step or leap
- Use different coloured markers and challenge individual players to cross the playing area 'stepping' from markers of one colour only

- Look ahead to plan a route
- Use steady measured movements to maintain balance.

2 COORDINATION EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Coordination

EXERCISE 1 EGG ROLL

ORGANISATION

The player curls up in a ball and attempts to roll in a straight line

KEY POINTS

- Ensure safety mats are in place
- Roll sideways and not head over heel



EXERCISE (2) TURN THE CAP

ORGANISATION

- Place a number of markers around the playing area
- The players run around the playing area turning the markers.
- The exercise can be run using two teams; one team attempts to turn all the markers up while the other attempts to turn all the markers down

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE (3) SWING ROPE

ORGANISATION

- The player swings a rope in one hand by their side
- Every time the rope touches the ground the player must jump in time

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that the rope is a suitable length for the player; it should reach from the ground to approximately hip height when held with the arm by the side
- Stand upright
- Swing the rope from the wrist



EXERCISE 🙆 LADDER HOPSCOTCH

ORGANISATION

- The players hop in and out of every second space on the ladder
- Bring the feet together when hopping into the ladder and spread them to hop out of the ladder
- To vary the exercise, the player uses one foot when hopping in the space.

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Use the arms to maintain balance
- Move at a controlled pace



2 COORDINATION

EXERCISE



STEP AND FOLLOW



ORGANISATION

- The players move through a ladder placing both feet in every space
- Lead with one foot and follow with the other
- Remember to practise leading with both the left and right foot

KEY POINTS

- Stand upright
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e. swing the left arm forward with the right leg and vice versa

E)(ERCISE



BOUNCE ON A BENCH



ORGANISATION

- Use a bench for this exercise; place hoops or round markers on either side as targets
- The player walks along the bench bouncing a ball in each target as they pass
- The player jumps off at the end

KEY POINTS

- Ensure safety mats are in place
- Move at a steady, sure pace

EXERCISE



CRAZY BALL



ORGANISATION

- The 'crazy ball' is thrown up in the air by the player and allowed to bounce
- Attempt to catch the ball after a set number of bounces
- Initially practise with two hands before progressing to one hand

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Move to catch the ball at the top of the bounce

EXERCISE



SKIPPING



ORGANISATION

- Use a variety of different techniques, such as a 2-footed jump, jogging through the rope, crossing hands and skipping backwards
- Encourage the children to make up single, pair and group skipping games

- Ensure that the rope is a suitable length for the player, it should reach from the ground to approximately hip height when held in both hands with the elbows slightly bent
- Stand upright
- Swing the rope from the wrist

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COORDINATION

EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Coordination

EXERCISE (1)

GENUFLECT AND ROLL

ORGANISATION

- In a genuflecting position the player rolls sideways to return to genuflecting position
- To progress, the player catches a ball passed by the Coach as they come out of the roll
- To vary the exercise, get the player to catch the ball on the way into the roll

KEY POINTS

Genuflect with the knee on the roll side of the body



EXERCISE (2) VOLLEYBALL PUSH

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position push the ball above the head using the fingertips
- Attempt to keep the ball up for as long as possible without catching it



- Bend the knees and elbows
- Move quickly underneath the ball after each push



EXERCISE (3) LADDER SHUFFLE

ORGANISATION

- The player moves through the ladder sideways placing each foot in every space
- Remember to practise this technique leading with both the left and right foot

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Use the arms to maintain balance
- Do not cross the legs



EXERCISE <a>B LADDER AND BOUNCE

ORGANISATION

- Place a number of targets at either side of a training ladder
- The players bounce a ball on the targets as they move through the ladder
- Use a variety of balls and targets to vary the exercise

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- At first concentrate on moving through the ladder and stopping to bounce on each target; gradually increase the pace



3 COORDINATION

EXERCISE 🜖 PASS IN A LADDER



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one ball per pair
- Move through the ladder sideways while passing the ball to one another

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Do not cross the legs
- At first concentrate on moving through the ladder and stopping to pass the ball; gradually increase the pace

EXERCISE 6 LADDER LINE DANCE



ORGANISATION

- Move through the ladder sideways leading with the left or right foot
- Bring the trailing foot through and across the front of the body into the next space
- Vary the exercise by challenging the players to bring the trailing foot through behind the lead foot

KEY POINTS

- Stand upright
- Use the arms to maintain balance
- Move at a controlled pace

EXERCISE 🕖 BALANCE AND STRIKE



ORGANISATION

- Use a bench for this exercise; the player stands on the bench and strikes balls thrown by the Coach or another player
- If the ball comes to the left, strike to the left and vice versa

- Ensure safety mats are in place
- Move at a steady sure pace

E 1 RUNNING EXERCISES



These are fun Running exercises

EXERCISE 1 MOVE AND MOBILISE

ORGANISATION

- Begin with moderate exercises such as walking or light jogging before moving on to more intense activity
- Incorporate mobilisation exercises at regular intervals between the pulse raising exercises
- Include movement in different directions and in as many different ways as possible, e.g. jogging, hopping, sideways, backwards etc
- Mobilise the shoulders, the knees, the ankles and fingers



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- Gradually increase the intensity of the activity
- Include a moderate version of activities to be performed later in the session



ORGANISATION

The players run to different points in the playing area as the Coach points to them

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping



EXERCISE (B) BOP ALONG

ORGANISATION

- The players sit with their legs out in front
- Beginning slowly, swing each hand up to the side of the head in turn as if running
- Speed up as technique improves
- Progress the exercise by getting the players to swing their arms while standing

KEY POINTS

- Sit upright
- Attempt to achieve a rhythm without losing control



EXERCISE 4 MARCHING

ORGANISATION

- Marching on the spot, the players bring their knees up high and swing the arms, bending at the elbows
- Progress to a walking march

- Stand upright with the head up
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e. lift the right knee and right arm simultaneously and vice versa



1 RUNNING

EXERCISE 🐻 HIGH KNEE-LIFT RUN



ORGANISATION

Jog on the spot using an exaggerated high knee-lift

KEY POINTS

- Run on the balls of the feet; keep the head up and the back straight
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e, lift the right knee and left arm simultaneously and vice versa

EXERCISE 📵 LINEAR RUNNING



ORGANISATION

- Mark out channels using markers
- Place one foot and the opposite arm forward; the arms should be bent at the elbows with the head up looking forward
- Sprint over a small distance concentrating on technique

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Run on the balls of the feet keeping the head up and the back straight
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e, lift the right knee and left arm simultaneously and vice versa

EXERCISE 🕖 OBSTACLE COURSE



ORGANISATION

- Place different obstacles, for example a tunnel, cones and jumps around the playing area.
- The players negotiate the course as quickly as possible

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Provide safety mats where necessary

2 RUNNING EXERCISES



These are fun Running exercises

EXERCISE (1) LADDER MARCH

ORGANISATION

- March through the ladder at walking pace, placing each foot in every second space
- Speed up as technique improves

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Stand upright with the head up
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e. lift the right knee and right arm simultaneously and vice versa



EXERCISE (2) HEEL FLICKS

ORGANISATION

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- In a stationary position hold the arms behind the back; one at a time flick the heels up to touch the bottom
- Introduce the arms; perform the exercise using a ladder, putting each foot in every second space

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Stand upright with the head up
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e. lift the right knee and right arm simultaneously and vice versa



EXERCISE (3) GEAR CHANGE

ORGANISATION

- Jog on the spot at a moderate pace; jog on the balls of the feet
- On signal from the Coach, change gears, gradually moving the feet quicker & quicker

KEY POINTS

- Keep the head up and the back straight
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e, lift the right knee and left arm simultaneously and vice versa
- Keep the feet as close to the ground as possible and move the arms as quickly as the feet to maintain balance



EXERCISE 🥙 JOG THROUGH LADDER

ORGANISATION

- Jog through the ladder placing each foot in every second space
- Speed up as technique improves

- Run on the balls of the feet; keep the head up and the back straight
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e. lift the right knee and left arm simultaneously and vice versa
- Bend the arms at the elbow and use an exaggerated high arm motion



2 RUNNING

EXERCISE S UNDER STRIDING



ORGANISATION

- Run through the ladder at pace placing each foot in every second space
- Speed up as technique improves

KEY POINTS

- Focus on technique; move at a controlled pace so that the stride must be consciously shortened
- Run on the balls of the feet; keep the head up and the back straight
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e, lift the right knee and left arm simultaneously and vice versa

EXERCISE 6 OVER STRIDING



ORGANISATION

- Run through the ladder at pace skipping as many spaces as is comfortable
- Increase the number of spaces skipped as technique improves

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Focus on technique; progress the length of the stride gradually over time

EXERCISE 7 RUN AND TURN



ORGANISATION

- Place cones at varying distances in a straight line
- Sprint out and around each cone and back in turn

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Use short strides when turning and longer strides when running in a straight line.

EXERCISE 🔞 STRAIGHT SLALOM RUN



ORGANISATION

- Place a number of cones or poles approximately 1m apart in a straight line
- The players run in and out between the cones or poles without knocking them

- Use the side-step technique
- Push or drive off the outside leg to 'dodge' around each pole

E RUNNING EXERCISES



These are fun Running exercises

EXERCISE 1 BEAN BAG TRANSFER

ORGANISATION

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- The players work in teams
- Every second player transfers a bean bag from one marker to another before tagging the next player who transfers the bean bag back
- Vary the exercise by transferring a small hoop from one cone to another in relay

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Use short strides when turning and longer strides when running in a straight line



EXERCISE (2) OBSTACLE SPRINT

ORGANISATION

- Mark out an appropriate distance using cones
- The players sprint out and back, getting through a hoop on both the way out and the way back
- Slow down approaching the hoop; speed up moving away from the hoop

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Use shorter strides when slowing down and speeding up



EXERCISE 🔞 ZIG-ZAG SLALOM RUN

ORGANISATION

- Place poles or cones approximately 3m apart in a zig-zag formation
- The players dodge around each of the poles
- The players should drive off the outside leg when rounding each pole
- To vary the exercise, challenge the players to go sideways and backwards through the slalom

KEY POINTS

- Use the side-step technique
- Push or drive off the outside leg to 'dodge' around each pole



EXERCISE 4 PYRAMID RUNS

ORGANISATION

- Mark a series of finishing lines at increasing distances from the start line.
- = 20m is long enough for 4/5 year olds progressing to 50m for 8 year olds
- Sprint to each line successively, taking a break in between to walk back to the start.

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Stop gradually when sprinting at full pace



3 RUNNING

EXERCISE 🌖 SHUTTLE RUNS



ORGANISATION

- Mark a series of lines at increasing distances from the start line
- Different coloured markers can be used to identify the different lines for young children
- The players run continuously out and back to each successive line

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Use short strides when turning and longer strides when running in a straight line

EXERCISE 📵 TEAM PURSUIT



ORGANISATION

- Mark out a square or circular circuit using cones
- Divide the players into teams; team members position themselves at equal distances apart around the circuit, one from team A then one from team B and so on
- The objective is to catch up to the player from the other team before reaching your team mate who continues the pursuit
- Tag to release the next player on the team or use a baton or a ball to pass on

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Use short strides when turning and longer strides when running in a straight line

JUMPING EXERCISES



These are fun Jumping exercises

EXERCISE (1) JACK IN THE BOX

ORGANISATION

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- The players pretend they are each a 'Jack in the Box'
- To begin bend down with the arms back behind the sides; the knees should be bent
- On a signal, jump as high as possible swinging the arms above the head

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE 😕 LATERAL BOUNCE

ORGANISATION

- Jump from side to side, taking off and landing on both feet
- Initially practise in a slow and gradual manner before challenging the players to perform at speed
- Introduce a line or marker on the ground to jump across
- Eventually introduce a raised obstacle

KEY POINTS

- Keep the centre of gravity over the centre of the obstacle
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE 📳 LINEAR BOUNCE

ORGANISATION

- Jump forward and back, taking off and landing on both feet
- Initially practise in a slow and gradual manner before challenging the players to perform at speed
- Introduce a line or marker on the ground to jump across
- Eventually introduce a raised obstacle

KEY POINTS

- Keep the centre of gravity over the centre of the obstacle
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE (4) CRISS-CROSS BOUNCE

ORGANISATION

- Mark a cross on the ground
- Jump around the cross in a clockwise and anticlockwise direction

- Use controlled jumps; keep the centre of gravity close to the centre of the cross
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



1 JUMPING

EXERCISE 🚺 STANDING LONG JUMP



ORGANISATION

- Start in a squat position with the arms extended behind
- Attempt to jump as far forward as possible
- A ladder can be used to aid the players to jump progressively longer distances by challenging them to jump into each successive space in the ladder in turn

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE (6) VERTICAL JUMP



ORGANISATION

- Stand sideways close to a wall
- Bend the knees and extend both arms back; perform a two footed jump, springing as high as possible to touch the wall with the hand nearest the wall
- Practise with the opposite hand nearest to the wall

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE 7 LOG JUMP



ORGANISATION

- A number of players lie still on the ground with a space between each
- Jump over the series of players one by one
- Rotate the 'jumper' after each 'go'

KEY POINTS

- Use a small jump to adjust the footing before jumping over each successive 'log'
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE (8) TAKE OFF AND LAND



ORGANISATION

- Lay out a number of obstacles or markers in a circle
- The players move around the circle jumping over each marker in turn.
- Take off and land in as many ways as possible; from 2 feet to 2 feet, from 1 foot to 2 feet, from 2 feet to 1 foot, a hop from 1 foot to 1 foot and a step or leap from 1 foot to the other foot

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

JUMPING EXERCISES



These are fun Jumping exercises

EXERCISE 1 SCISSORS JUMP

ORGANISATION

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- Standing on the spot jump in the air kicking one leg forward and the other back
- Land with both feet together
- Practise jumping with the right leg forward and the left back and vice versa. As the players become more proficient challenge them to perform the jump after a short run up

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE 🙎 JUMPING SHAPES

ORGANISATION

- Jump to make different shapes; use both standing starts and run ups
- Include jumping jacks, star jumps and tuck jumps

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE 🕙 JUMP AND TURN

ORGANISATION

- On the spot, jump to make quarter, half, three-quarter and full turns in mid air
- Practise turning clockwise and anti-clockwise

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players turn after take off and not after landing
- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE <a>Bunny Hop

ORGANISATION

- Hop through a ladder placing both feet in every space
- To vary this exercise, hop 2 spaces forward and 1 space back progressing through the ladder

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



2 JUMPING

EXERCISE (5) 1-LEGGED HOP



ORGANISATION

- Hop through the ladder using one leg
- Remember to practise using the left and right leg

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Move at a comfortable pace and use the arms to maintain balance
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE 📵 HIGH FIVES PINKY AND PERKY



ORGANISATION

- The players to work in pairs facing each other
- On a signal swing the arms back and using a two footed jump, high five the other player at the highest point possible
- Practise using both the right and left hands
- Progress the exercise by using a short run up; increase the distance of the run up as the players become more proficient

KEY POINTS

- Ensure that the players in each pair are of a similar height
- Do not slap
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE 📆 JUMP THE ARC



ORGANISATION

- Imagine the ball approaching on an arc
- Run and jump up the arc to meet it

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE (8) PICKING FRUIT



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one player in each pair holds a ball above their head in the palm of one hand
- The second player runs from 3 to 4m away and jumps to reach and take the ball from their partner's hand
- Return the ball to the initial player and repeat a number of times before reversing roles.

- Ensure the players are of similar height
- Take off from close to the player holding the ball and jump to catch the ball on the way up

JUMPING EXERCISES



These are fun Jumping exercises

EXERCISE 🚺 UP ONE, UP TWO

ORGANISATION

- Run and jump upwards and forwards
- Just before the top of the jump bring their arms back behind their head i.e 'up one', and fling them forward, i.e. 'up two'

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE 🔼 JUMP TO PUNCH

ORGANISATION

- Run and jump upwards and forwards
- Bring one arm back behind the head and punch an imaginary ball at the top of the jump



- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE 📵 FOSBURY JUMP

ORGANISATION

- Run and jump off one leg, i.e. the take off leg
- Swing the opposite leg and arm high into the air
- Practise jumping off both sides.
- Land one foot at a time

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up



EXERCISE (4) LOB AND CATCH

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one player in each pair holds a ball above their head in the palm of one hand
- The second player runs from 3 to 4m away to jump and catch the ball as the first player pushes the ball up into the air
- Practise jumping off both sides.
- Land one foot at a time
- Return the ball to the initial player and repeat a number of times before reversing roles.

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Time the jump to take the ball at its highest point



3 JUMPING

EXERCISE (5) MOVE, JUMP AND CATCH



ORGANISATION

- The players to work in pairs
- One player in each pair lobs the ball for their partner to move forward, jump and catch
- Catch the ball and pass it back to the thrower moving backwards
- Continue the exercise across the playing area and reverse the roles

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Move and time the jump to take the ball at its highest point.

EXERCISE 🜀 WOBBLE, JUMP AND CATCH



ORGANISATION

- Use an unstable object like a wobble board or cushion
- The players work in pairs
- Jump forward off the wobble board to catch balls thrown at different heights in mid flight

KEY POINTS

- Time the jump to take the ball at its highest point
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

EXERCISE (7) ADVANCED JUMP AND TURN



ORGANISATION

- Use a bench for this exercise
- Jog along the bench and jump off the end in a variety of different ways.
- Use one footed and two footed jumps
- Gradually introduce quarter, half, three-quarter and full turns in a clockwise and anticlockwise direction

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players are capable of performing the exercise
- Ensure safety mats are in place
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up.

EXERCISE (8) ADVANCED JUMP AND CATCH



ORGANISATION

- Use a bench for this exercise
- Jog along the bench and jump off the end to catch a pass on or before landing
- Vary the height of the pass
- Introduce a signal for the player to move quickly to the left or right on landing
- Gradually introduce quarter, half, three-quarter and full turns in a clockwise and anticlockwise direction

- Ensure the players are capable of performing the exercise
- Ensure safety mats are in place
- Land softly with bent knees, straight back and head up

Have Ball

NURSERY PROGRAMME

a Ball



THROWING / CATCHING & PASSING / KICKING / STRIKING

INTRODUCTION



Welcome to the Have a Ball section of the Fun Do Learning Resource Pack. The skills outlined here have been identified as appropriate to develop ball manipulation skills for players between the ages of 4 and 8. There are three levels of exercises outlined. Remember that some players develop quicker than others. If this is the case, progress to the exercises outlined in Levels 2 and 3 of this Resource.

THROWING

Throwing skills form the basis for many of the skills of Gaelic games. Throwing involves handeye coordination, and should be developed using a variety of balls and bean bags, incorporating different sizes and weights and throwing over various distances.

CATCHING AND PASSING

Catching and Passing skills are integral to Gaelic games. The ability to catch the ball to take possession and pass the ball to release possession

in a variety of different situations is vital to the development of players. It is important to develop Catching and Passing skills using a variety of balls and bean bags, incorporating different sizes and weights.

KICKING

Kicking is essential to the development of players in Gaelic games. Kicking involves eye-foot and hand-foot coordination, and should be developed using a variety of balls and bean bags, incorporating different sizes and weights. Accurate kicking over a variety of distances should also be developed.

STRIKING

Striking is essential to the development of players in Gaelic games – not only Hurling but also Gaelic football. Striking involves hand-eye coordination, and should be developed using a variety of balls and bean bags, incorporating different sizes and weights. Accurate striking over a variety of distances should also be developed. Progress from Striking using the players' hands, to using small Hurleys with a large bas to normal Hurleys.



THROWING EXERCISES



These are fun Throwing exercises

EXERCISE (1) SITTING HAND ROLL

ORGANISATION

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- Sitting with legs astride the players roll the ball against a wall
- Use two touches, one to roll the ball against the wall and a second to stop it on the way back
- Progress the exercise by rolling the ball continuously without stopping it

KEY POINTS

Use a two-handed underarm technique to roll the ball



EXERCISE (2) KNEELING HAND ROLL

ORGANISATION

- In a kneeling position the players roll the ball against a wall stopping it on the way back
- Progress to roll the ball continuously without stopping it
- Swing the ball from one side and then the other; a bowling type throw
- Roll the ball around the body in a clockwise and anti-clockwise direction passing the ball from one hand to another
- Perform the sequence on one knee and using one hand
- Roll the ball around the body under the knee passing the ball from 1 hand to the other

KEY POINTS

Progress from a two-handed technique to a one-handed bowling-type technique

EXERCISE (6) STANDING HAND ROLL

ORGANISATION

- In a standing position the players use both hands to roll the ball against the wall and stop it on the way back
- Progress to continuously rolling the ball
- Progress to using one hand and then the other
- Roll the ball around one foot
- Roll the ball in a figure of eight in and out between the legs passing it from one hand to the other

KEY POINTS

 When rolling the ball against the wall stand facing the wall with one foot in front of the other



EXERCISE (4) HAND TO HAND ROLL

ORGANISATION

- Standing with feet astride the players roll the ball from one open hand to the other
- Begin by stopping the ball before each roll, before continuously rolling the ball
- Roll the ball around the body in a figure of 8 in and out between the legs passing it from one hand to the other

KEY POINTS

Use a series of small rolls to maintain control when moving the ball around the body



1 THROWING

EXERCISE 🚺 BRIDGE BALL



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs
- One player stands with their legs astride
- The other player rolls the ball between the legs of their partner using a one-handed underarm technique
- Follow the ball and attempt to pick it up at the other side
- Switch roles after a set time
- Move around the playing area after every go

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- When rolling the ball stand facing partner with one foot in front of the other

EXERCISE (6) TARGET ROLL



ORGANISATION

Set out different targets such as markers, hoops, and channels to challenge the accuracy with which the players roll and throw the ball

KEY POINTS

Progress from a two-handed technique to a one-handed bowling-type technique

EXERCISE (7) KNOCK THE CAP



ORGANISATION

- Set up a cone or a marker as a target
- The players roll the ball to hit and knock the target

KEY POINTS

 Use a big ball and a two-handed technique to begin before progressing to a onehanded technique with a smaller ball

2 THROWING EXERCISES



These are fun Throwing exercises

EXERCISE (1) TWO-HANDED UNDERARM THROW

DRGANISATION

- The players stand, feet astride, and throw various objects from between the legs using a two-handed technique
- Use Bean Bags, Balls of various sizes and soft and hard balls

KEY POINTS

- Bend the back and knees
- Keep the head down until the throw is completed



EXERCISE (2) TOSS THE BAG

ORGANISATION

- Line the players up side by side
- The players in turn toss a bean bag using a one-handed underarm throw
- Throw the bags as far as possible or attempt to hit a target

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Step forward with the foot on the opposite side to provide balance



EXERCISE (S) ONE-HANDED UNDERARM THROW

ORGANISATION

- Throw a variety of Bean Bags, balls of various sizes and soft and hard balls
- When throwing with the right hand step forward with the left foot for balance and vice versa

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Eyes focus on the target



EXERCISE (4) TWO-HANDED OVERARM THROW

ORGANISATION

- Using two hands the player holds the bag or ball above and behind the head
- Stepping forward with one foot keep the elbows high
- Throw the bag or ball as far as possible

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Eyes focus on the target



EXERCISE (5) TARGET THROW



ORGANISATION

Use Hoops, markers or other types of target to improve accuracy

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Eyes on the target

THROWING EXERCISES



These are fun Throwing exercises

EXERCISE (1) SHOT PUTT THROW

ORGANISATION

- Hold the bean bag or ball in one hand under the chin with the fingers behind the bag or ball
- Step forward with the opposite leg and push forward to throw the bag or ball as far as possible

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Step forward with the foot on the opposite side to provide balance



EXERCISE



ONE-HANDED OVERARM THROW

ORGANISATION

- Throw a variety of Bean Bags, balls of various sizes and soft and hard balls
- If throwing with the right hand step forward with the left foot for balance and vice versa

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Eyes on the target



EXERCISE 🕙 MEDICINE BALL EXERCISES

ORGANISATION

- Sit with legs astride; throw the ball using a two-handed overarm throw
- In the kneeling position/on one knee; using a two-handed underarm throw, throw from one side and then the other
- In a standing position use a two-handed underhand technique with the legs astride
- Basketball type throw from the front of the chest; then a 2-handed overhand throw
- In a lying position, sit up and use a basketball throw
- In a lying position, sit up and use a two-handed overhand throw
- Introduce targets such as a hoop to improve the accuracy of the throw

KEY POINTS

- Use a medicine ball of suitable weight and size
- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Focus on technique



ORGANISATION

- With a straight arm the ball or object is held out to the side and back from the body
- Leading with the opposite foot swing the arm around using the body, before releasing the ball

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Eyes on the target





3 THROWING

EXERCISE (5) BOUNCE AND SHOOT



ORGANISATION

- Place a number of hoops on the ground and a target to aim for at the end of the course
- Run through the playing area bouncing the ball in the hoops before throwing the ball to land in or hit the target

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Eyes on the target

LEVEL

CATCHING & PASSING EXERCISES



These are fun Catching and Passing exercises

EXERCISE (1) CIRCLE TIME

ORGANISATION

- Sit the players in a circle
- The coach guides them through a series of exercises using the hands and feet
- Include raising the feet off the ground and tapping the hands and feet off the ground

KEY POINTS

Gradually increase the intensity of the activity



EXERCISE (2) SWAP SHOP

ORGANISATION

- Place a number of markers randomly around the playing area; place a number of balls on half the caps
- The players move the balls from marker to marker as they move around the playing area

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No pushing or bumping

EXERCISE (S) SITTING HAND ROLL

ORGANISATION

- Sitting with legs astride the players roll the ball against a wall
- Use two touches, one to roll the ball against the wall and a second to stop it on the way back
- Progress the exercise by rolling the ball continuously without stopping it

KEY POINTS

Use a two-handed underarm technique to roll the ball

EXERCISE (4) KNEELING HAND ROLL

ORGANISATION

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- In a kneeling position the players roll the ball against a wall stopping it on the way back
- Progress to roll the ball continuously without stopping it
- Swing the ball from one side and then the other; a bowling type throw
- Roll the ball around the body in a clockwise and anti-clockwise direction passing the ball from one hand to another
- Perform the sequence on one knee and using one hand
- Roll the ball around the body under the knee passing the ball from 1 hand to the other

KEY POINTS

Progress from a two-handed technique to a one-handed bowling-type technique



EXERCISE (S) ROLL AND PICK UP



ORGANISATION

- Position the players along a line; each player has a ball
- The players roll the ball away before running in front of the ball and letting it roll up the hands into the arms

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Place one foot alongside the ball; bend the knees, and place the hands on the ground facing up to receive the ball

EXERCISE (6) ROLL AND FOLLOW



ORGANISATION

- Position the players along a line; each player has a ball
- The players roll the ball away before running after or alongside it to pick it up.

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Place one foot alongside the ball; bend the knees, with one hand in front and one hand behind the ball to pick it up

EXERCISE 🕖 ROLL PARTNER PICK UP



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs approximately 5 metres apart
- Roll the ball to your partner using two hands
- The partner allows the ball to roll up their hands to take possession.
- Progress to roll the ball using a one-handed underhand throw
- The receiver may catch the ball with both hands

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Place one foot alongside the ball; bend the knees, with one hand and place the hands on the ground facing up to receive the ball

EXERCISES



These are fun Catching and Passing exercises

EXERCISE (1) SIT AND BOUNCE

ORGANISATION

- The players sit on the floor with legs astride
- Bounce and catch a small ball in between the legs
- Begin by dropping the ball before progressing to bounce it

KEY POINTS

- Wait for the ball to reach the top of the bounce before catching it
- Use two hands to catch the ball at first



EXERCISE (2) BOUNCE AND CATCH

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Bounce the ball with two hands and catch it again using two hands
- Progress to bounce the ball with one hand
- Continue to catch the ball with two hands

KEY POINTS

- Using the fingers, push down through the ball to bounce it
- Extend the arms towards the ball to catch it



EXERCISE (3) HIGH BOUNCE AND CATCH

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Bounce the ball high above the head
- Catch the ball at the highest point
- Vary the exercise by tapping the ball higher at the top of the bounce before catching it at the new highest point

KEY POINTS

- Bounce the ball using two hands at first and then one hand
- Extend the arms towards the ball to catch it; keep the thumbs behind the ball forming a 'w' shape with the index fingers



EXERCISE (A) BOUNCE, MOVE AND DRIBBLE

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Bounce the ball after every 4 steps while moving around the playing area
- Use a two-handed bounce; then progress to a one-handed bounce
- Finally dribble bounce the ball continuously while moving around the playing area; use two hands at first and then one hand

- Using the fingers, push down through the ball to bounce it
- When using a one-handed bounce step forward with the leg on the opposite side



EXERCISE (S) LOW BOUNCE



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Bend the knees and back to bring the head over the ball
- Using a 1-handed bounce practise first in the stationary position and then while moving
- Finally dribble bounce the ball continuously using one hand while moving around the playing area

KEY POINTS

- Using the fingers, push down through the ball to bounce it.
- When using a one-handed bounce step forward with the leg on the opposite side

EXERCISE 🌀 TARGET BOUNCE



ORGANISATION

- Set out different targets such as markers or hoops on the floor
- The players move around the playing area attempting to bounce the ball to hit the targets as they pass them

KEY POINTS

- Using the fingers, push down through the ball to bounce it
- Extend the arm behind the ball in the direction of the target

EXERCISE (7) BOUNCE PASS



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs approximately 5 metres apart
- In turn bounce the ball for your partner to catch.

KEY POINTS

- Extend the arm behind the ball as you bounce it; aim for approximately midway between you and your partner
- Extend the arms towards the ball to catch it

EXERCISE (B) ONE-HANDED BOUNCE & CATCH



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a small ball
- Bounce the ball with one hand and catch it again using one hand
- Begin in a stationary position before introducing movement
- Practise the technique on both sides

- When catching, cup the hand and allow the ball to fall into it
- Progress to catching the ball with the fingers facing down

3

CATCHING & PASSING EXERCISES



These are fun Catching and Passing exercises

EXERCISE (1) SIT AND GET UP

ORGANISATION

- The players sit on the ground with a ball or balloon
- Throw the ball or balloon as high as possible into the air
- Quickly get to the feet and attempt to catch the ball at the highest point

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Use a two handed underhand technique to throw the ball straight into the air



EXERCISE (2) TOSS AND CATCH

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Toss the ball into the air to catch on the way down
- Varying the ball size, practise using both two hands and one hand to toss and catch.
- Begin in a stationary position before introducing movement

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- When using a one-handed catch cup the hand and allow the ball to fall into it
- Eventually progress to catch the ball above the head with the fingers facing forward



EXERCISE (6) TOSS AND CLAP RELAY

ORGANISATION

- Set up a relay course using a variety of equipment
- Challenge the players to navigate the course carrying a ball, tossing it into the air and clapping before catching it again and returning to the end of the line

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Catch the ball with two hands at first before progressing to one hand



EXERCISE (4) PARTNER TOSS AND CATCH

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs a short distance apart
- Throw the ball to one another using a two-handed under arm throw
- Begin with a big ball before progressing to a small ball

KEY POINTS

Throw the ball between chest and head high



EXERCISE PASS IN A LADDER



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; each player in a ladder
- Shuffle through the ladder sideways facing the other player
- Throw the ball to one another as you move along

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Move at a controlled pace

EXERCISE 6 PIGGY IN THE MIDDLE



ORGANISATION

- The players spread out around the playing area
- One player is designated the 'piggy in the middle'
- The other players pass the ball around attempting to keep it away from the 'piggy in the middle'
- If the ball is dropped or intercepted the player who missed the catch or attempted the pass becomes the new 'piggy in the middle'

KEY POINTS

Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely





These are fun exercises to develop Kicking

EXERCISE (1) KICK THE BAG

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a bean bag
- Pass the bean bag from one foot to the other

KEY POINTS

- Use the inside of the foot to strike the bean bag
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance



EXERCISE (2) BEAN BAG DRIBBLE

ORGANISATION

>6

- Each player has a bean bag
- Dribble the bean bag around the playing area
- Use both the left and right feet

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players



EXERCISE (3) BEAN BAG DRIBBLE AND KICK

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a bean bag
- Dribble the bean bag forward
- On a signal kick the bag as far as possible or towards a target

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Practise using the left and right foot to kick



EXERCISE (4) BEAN BAG KICK AND STOP

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs
- Each player in turn kicks the bean bag along the ground to their partner who must stop it before kicking it back

- Use the side of the foot to stop the bag
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Use both left and right feet as appropriate



1 KICKING

EXERCISE (5) TRAP THE BAG



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a bean bag
- Toss the bean bag into the air and trap it under foot as it hits the floor
- Drop the bean bag from a low height initially to develop good timing

KEY POINTS

- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Practise using both left and right feet

EXERCISE 6 FLICK THE BAG



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a bean bag
- Balance the bean bag on one foot before tossing it into the air
- Vary the exercise by challenging the player to toss the bag as far as possible
- Alternatively flick the bag to a partner or into a target, for example, a box

KEY POINTS

- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Practise using both left and right feet

EXERCISE BEAN BAG SHADOW



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; each player has a bean bag
- Designate one player the leader and the other the follower
- The leader dribbles around the playing area being followed as close as possible by the follower

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players

EXERCISE (B) BEAN BAG: THROUGH THE GAP



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one bean bag per pair
- Set up a target gate using markers
- Challenge the players to kick the bag through the gap to one another

- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Practise using both left and right feet

EXERCISES KICKING



These are fun exercises to develop Kicking

EXERCISE (1) ROLL BALL

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position the players roll the ball back and forward using the bottom of the foot
- Practise this exercise with both feet
- Challenge the players to switch from one foot to the other foot quickly

KEY POINTS

- The foot should remain in contact with the ball at all times
- Extend the arms to maintain balance



EXERCISE (2) DRIBBLE THROUGH MINEFIELD

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Dribble the ball through the playing area avoiding the markers
- To vary, the players may be divided into groups; one or more groups navigate the minefield on a signal from the coach

KEY POINTS

- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players
- Using both feet, use the front, the inside and the outside of the foot to control the ball



EXERCISE (3) GROUND KICK: PARTNER PASS

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one ball per pair
- In turn each player kick passes the ball along the ground to the other
- To vary, place the ball on a marker to raise it slightly

- Head down kick through the ball
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Use different parts of the foot to kick the ball



2 KICKING

EXERCISE (4) GROUND KICK: THROUGH THE GATE



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one ball per pair
- Set up a target gate using markers
- Challenge the players to kick the ball through the gap to one another
- To vary, place the ball on a marker to raise it slightly
- Place a cone or target in the centre of the gate and challenge the players to hit or knock the target

KEY POINTS

- Head down kick through the ball
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Use different parts of the foot to kick the ball

EXERCISE (S) DRIBBLE AND SHOOT



ORGANISATION

- Set up a course using cones or obstacles and a target or goal
- In turn the players dribble the ball around the obstacles tee it up on a marker and kick for goal

- Use both feet when dribbling the ball
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance

3 KICKING EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Kicking

EXERCISE (1) THIGH SOLO

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position drop the ball from the hand to tap it with the thigh before catching it again
- Use both left and right legs
- To increase the difficulty, perform the exercise while walking and then jogging

KEY POINTS

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance



EXERCISE (2) FOOT SOLO

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position drop the ball extending the kicking foot to flick the ball back into the hands
- Practise using both left and right feet
- To progress, perform toe taps while walking and then jogging

KEY POINTS

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Straighten the leg and kick the ball with the front of the foot flicking the toes upwards



EXERCISE (3) BOUNCE AND KICK

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position drop the ball allowing it to bounce
- Kick the ball as it returns from the ground

KEY POINTS

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Plant the non-kicking (supporting) foot beside the ball as it bounces



EXERCISE (4) OFF THE SHELF

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Standing with the supporting foot forward, hold the ball in front of the body balanced on both hands
- Allow the ball to roll gently off the hands as if it were rolling off a shelf
- Kick the ball as it falls
- Initially this exercise is easier to perform using a balloon

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance



3 KICKING

EXERCISE (5) KICK FROM THE HAND: TARGET 1



ORGANISATION

- Use poles or cones to mark a target area at a wall
- Individually or in turn the players kick the ball to hit the target

KEY POINTS

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Head down, eyes on the ball

EXERCISE (6) KICK FROM THE HAND: TARGET 2



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs; one ball per pair
- Set up a target gate using markers
- Challenge the players to kick the ball through the gate to one another

KEY POINTS

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Head down, eyes on the ball

EXERCISE (7) OVER THE RIVER



DRGANISATION

- Divide the players into two groups; each player has a set number of 'lives'
- The players kick pass the ball over a centre zone, a net or quard
- If the ball drops in the centre zone the player who kicked it loses a life
- Use a soft or sponge ball when introducing players to this game

KEY POINTS

Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely

EXERCISE (8) FOOT SOLO AND SHOOT



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Set up a course using cones or obstacles and a target or goal
- In turn the players solo around the cones and punt kick the ball at a the target from a set marker

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Head down, eyes on the ball
- Point the toes and follow through in the direction of the target

STRIKING EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Striking

EXERCISE (1) HAND TO HAND STRIKE

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Strike the ball from one hand to the other using the open hand
- Stop the ball before each strike
- Progress the exercise by striking the ball continuously with the closed fist instead of the open hand
- Move from a kneeling to a standing position and repeat the sequence



Allow the players to explore different ways of striking the ball with their hands



EXERCISE (2) HAND: GROUND WALL STRIKE

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Strike the ball with the open hand from approximately 1m from the wall
- Stop the ball before each strike
- Progress by striking the ball continuously with the closed fist instead of the open hand

KEY POINTS

- Place the feet side on to the wall
- Face the non striking shoulder to the target
- Practise using both the left and right hands



EXERCISE (3) HAND DRIBBLE

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Dribble the ball around the domes using the open hand
- Practise using both the left and right hands
- Challenge the players further by giving each a number of lives; each time a player hits a dome with a ball they lose a life

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players



EXERCISE (4) HAND STRIKE: THROUGH THE GATES

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs
- Mark a gate for each pair using two markers
- Each player in turn strikes the ball through the gate to their partner
- Practise striking both with and without stopping the ball. In addition, practise using the open hand and the closed fist

- Place the feet side on to the gate
- Face the non striking shoulder to the target



1 STRIKING

EXERCISE (S) HAND STRIKE: TARGET GAME



ORGANISATION

- The players strike the ball to hit or knock a cone
- Use the open hand and the fist on alternate goes

KEY POINTS

- Place the feet side on to the gate
- Face the non striking shoulder to the target

EXERCISE (6) HAND: BOUNCING WALL STRIKE



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Standing approximately 1m from the wall, bounce the ball and strike it off the wall
- Continue to strike the ball as it returns from the wall at the top of every bounce

KEY POINTS

- Place the feet side on to the wall
- As the ball returns from the wall, move the feet to ensure they are correctly positioned to strike the ball

EXERCISE (7) HAND BALANCE



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a bean bag
- Extend one arm out in front of the body; balance the bean bag in the open hand
- Walk around the playing area
- Progress to bouncing the bean bag in the hand
- Progress further by using a small ball

KEY POINTS

- Keep the arm and hand rigid
- Practise using both the left and right hands

EXERCISE (3) HAND BALL PUSH



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position push the ball into the air using both hands
- Continue to keep the ball up by pushing the ball with the fingertips
- Decrease the difficulty of the exercise by using a balloon or soft light ball before progressing to a normal ball

KEY POINTS

Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely

2 STRIKING EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Striking

EXERCISE 1 BAT GRIP

ORGANISATION

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- Hold the bat or racket in the dominant hand; the thumbs should face down the handle of the bat
- Practise the grip by turning the bat using the wrist.

KEY POINTS

- Use a bat or racket with a large head and short handle initially
- Gradually progress to a bat or racket with a smaller head and longer handle
- The players should be able to control the bat or racket with one hand



EXERCISE (2) BAT AND BALL INTRODUCTION

ORGANISATION

- Roll the ball forward and back underneath the bat
- Challenge the players to roll the ball underneath one knee between the free hand and the bat
- At first stop the ball, then roll the ball continuously
- Move the ball around the body in a figure of eight using the bat

KEY POINTS

- Use the dominant hand to hold the bat
- Use controlled steady movements



EXERCISE (3) BAT DRIBBLE

ORGANISATION

- Dribble the ball around the playing area using a bat.
- Use both the left and right sides of the bat
- To vary, allow the players to tap away the balls of the other dribblers

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players



EXERCISE (4) BAT: WALL STRIKE

ORGANISATION

- Begin in a kneeling position using a two handed grip
- Initially stop the ball as it returns from the wall; progress to striking the ball continuously
- Move from a kneeling to a standing position and from striking along the ground to striking after a bounce
- Finally challenge to players to strike the ball off the ball without letting it bounce

- When standing, move the feet to place them side on to the wall
- Strike across the front of the body for accuracy



2 STRIKING

EXERCISE (5) BAT AND BALL BALANCE



ORGANISATION

- Place the ball on the bat
- Move through various positions attempting to keep control of the ball
- Progress to walking, then jogging, then hopping on one or both legs.
- Challenge the players to balance the ball while walking along a bench
- To reduce the difficulty of the exercise use a bean bag or a larger ball at first

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the correct grip is used, holding the bat in the dominant hand with the thumb facing down the handle
- Use two hands if appropriate

EXERCISE 6 BAT AND BALL BOUNCE



ORGANISATION

- Bounce the ball on a bat
- Move through various positions attempting to keep control of the ball
- Progress to walking, then jogging, then hopping on one or both legs
- Challenge the players to bounce the ball off the ground with the bat, then to tap the ball higher as it reaches the top of the bounce

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the correct grip is used, holding the bat in the dominant hand with the thumb facing down the handle
- Use two hands if appropriate

EXERCISE (7) PANCAKE TOSS



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Initially toss the ball only a small distance into the air
- Gradually increase the height of the toss as technique improves.

KEY POINTS

- Pick a point in the air to help toss the ball with accuracy
- As the ball impacts the bat on the way down soften the grip to control the ball

EXERCISE (8) SQUASH



ORGANISATION

- The players stand a reasonable distance from the wall
- In turn each strikes the ball as it returns from the wall
- Initially allow the ball to bounce before striking; progress to striking continuously with no bounce

- Move the feet to place them side on to the wall
- Strike using the forehand or backhand to suit the oncoming ball

STRIKING EXERCISES



These are fun exercises to develop Striking

EXERCISE (1) HURLEY GRIP

ORGANISATION

- Ensure each player has a hurley of appropriate size
- Grip the hurley in the dominant hand as if shaking hands with it
- Hold the hurley out in front of the body with the bas flat; twist it using the wrist
- Wave the hurley up and down to get a sense of the weight
- To move to the ready position move the feet shoulder width apart
- Lift the hurley in front of the body to hold it with the non-dominant hand above the bas; the toe is pointed upwards
- Practise the ready position in a stationary position, then walking and jogging

KEY POINTS

- Ensure all players wear a helmet
- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely



EXERCISE 2 H

HURLEY EXTENSION

ORGANISATION

- The players hold the hurley by their side
- Trace an 'x' or 'w' on the ground
- Kick the bas of the hurley with each foot in turn in a stationary position; introduce walking and jogging
- Holding the hurley with both hands swing the hurley above the head
- Touch a ball on the ground with the hurley
- Hold the ball and the hurley at the same time; first in the ready position, then with the hurley up straight beside the dominant shoulder

KEY POINTS

- Ensure all players wear a helmet
- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely

EXERCISE

HURLEY DRIBBLE

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball; use markers for the players to dribble around
- To vary, allow the players to tap away the balls of the other dribblers
- In pairs one player attempts to follow a partner
- Use obstacles or defenders to dribble past
- Dribble with a big ball or a soft ball or balloon before moving onto a small ball

KEY POINTS

- Use 2 hands and dribble using both sides of the hurley; progress to a 1 handed dribble
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players



EXERCISE (4) PASS THE GUARD

ORGANISATION

- Position a number of guards who are allowed to block the ball but not move from their positions
- The striking player strikes the ball along the ground to pass the guards

- Move the feet to place them side on to the target
- Practise striking off the right and left sides



3 STRIKING

EXERCISE HURLEY AND BALL BALANCE



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Balance the ball on the hurley in a stationary position
- Use two hands to aid control
- Progress to walking as you become more proficient

KEY POINTS

- The toe of the hurley should be pointed away from the body to the non-dominant side
- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players

EXERCISE 6 BOUNCE AND CONTROL ON HURLEY



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- In a stationary position bounce the ball on the end of the hurley
- Use two hands to aid control
- Progress to walking as the players become more proficient
- Challenge the players to toss the ball from the hurley into the air, allowing it to bounce before attempting to control it on the bas of the hurley again

KEY POINTS

- The toe of the hurley should be pointed away from the body to the non-dominant side
- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- To control the ball soften the grip

EXERCISE (7) HURLEY KEEPIE UPPY



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a balloon or ball
- Strike the balloon or ball into the air continuously
- Progress from batting the ball to using a full striking action

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Alternate between controlling and striking to reduce the difficulty

EXERCISE 📵 BALANCE AND STRIKE



ORGANISATION

- Use a bench for this exercise; the player stands on the bench and strikes balls thrown by the coach or another player
- If the ball comes to the left strike to the left and vice versa

- Ensure safety mats are in place
- Move at a steady sure pace



NURSERY PROGRAMME

Have Ball

SAMPLE SESSIONS INTRODUCTION



This section provides the coach with information on how to plan a session using the activities outlined in the ABC and Have a Ball Nursery Programmes. There are a number of Sample Sessions outlined which contain both ABC and Have a Ball exercises. There are also a number of blank Sample Session planners that can be photocopied and used to plan

future sessions. The suggested Session structure for each Nursery session is as follows:

SESSION THEME

Each session should have a session theme i.e. a particular movement skill and/or sport specific skill to work on. For example, the session theme for Sample session 1 for Gaelic Football is to "Develop Kicking and Movement Skills". Deciding on a theme for the session will not only help to guide the choice of activities for the session, but will also ensure that there is a logical purpose to the session. This will allow you to ensure that over the course of a season each skill can be worked on.

EQUIPMENT LIST

This section lists the equipment needed for a session. The list is not exhaustive and if certain equipment is not at the coaches' disposal, games can be played by substituting equipment that is available with what is advised on the list. For example, if hoops are listed as equipment needed and there are no hoops available, cones can be placed in the shape of a circle to achieve the same effect.

WARM UP

The warm up section will contain the first activity of the session which will aim to get the participants moving and warmed up. It is important to always warm up before entering into more challenging activities.

GAME

After the warm up it is advisable to begin a game-based activity. The game may reflect the theme of the previous session thereby offering players the chance to practise previously introduced skills. It also affords the coach the opportunity to see if skills practised previously have been retained.

ACTIVITY 1, 2, 3

The activities section allows the coach to introduce and practise a new theme, for example, Striking. It is important not to spend too much time on any one activity as children of this age group can get bored easily. Therefore, 3 different activities are included in this section in order to keep the interest and also to stimulate the children to learn and practise in different ways.

WARM DOWN

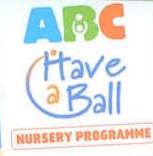
The warm down activity is used to help the participants cool down from the main activities.

SESSION REVIEW

The session review section is for coaches to evaluate how their session went. It can be used to record what activities went well, what activities may not have worked and why not, what may need to be practised further etc. This will prove an excellent tool for the developing coach, allowing them to reflect on their own performance as well as that of the participants.



SAMPLE SESSION GAELIC FOOTBALL / AGE 5-6



SESSION THEME

Develop Kicking and Movement Skills

EQUIPMENT LIST



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WARM UP TRAVELLING (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL 1)

ORGANISATION

The players travel around the playing area in different directions and in as many different ways as possible, e.g. jogging, hopping, jumping, sideways, backwards etc.

KEY POINTS

- Each player uses a different pathway
- When moving sideways, don't cross legs
- When moving backwards, look over your shoulder and move on the balls of the feet



GAME OVER THE RIVER (ABC/COORDINATION/LEVEL 1)

ORGANISATION

- Divide the players into two groups; each player has a set number of 'lives'
- The players kick pass the ball over a centre zone, a net or guard
- If the ball drops in the centre zone the player who kicked it loses a life
- Use a soft or sponge ball when introducing players to this game

KEY POINTS

Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely



ACTIVITY 1 FOOT SOLO AND SHOOT (HAVE A BALL / KICKING / LEVEL 3)

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Set up a course using cones or obstacles and a target or goal
- In turn the players solo around the cones and punt kick the ball at the target from a set marker

- Drop the ball from the hand on the kicking side
- Extend the arm on the non-kicking side to maintain balance
- Head down, eyes on the ball
- Point the toes and follow through in the direction of the target



ACTIVITY 2 STEPPING STONES (ABC/COORDINATION/LEVELI)



ORGANISATION

- Place a number of caps or markers around the playing area
- The players move from one marker to another using one step or leap.
- Use different coloured markers and challenge individual players to cross the playing area 'stepping' from markers of one colour only

KEY POINTS

- Look ahead to plan your route
- Use steady measured movements to maintain balance

ACTIVITY 3 BRIDGES AND RIVERS (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL I)



ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, one player designated the 'bridge' and the second the 'river'
- The players run around the playing area, and on a signal from the Coach the 'bridges' balance on their hands and feet while the 'rivers' crawl under the 'bridges'
- The 'rivers' can also crawl under the 'bridges' from back to front as well as side to side

KEY POINTS

- Move quickly into the bridge position
- 'Rivers' get down low and shuffle using the forearms and lower legs

WARM DOWN BACK TO BACK (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL!)



ORGANISATION

- The players move around the playing area randomly while avoiding the other players
- On a signal from the Coach they pair off quickly and stand back to back

KEY POINTS

Move close to the other player before turning back to back

SESSION REVIEW

GAELIC FOOTBALL / AGE 7-8





SESSION THEME

Develop Catching and Passing Skills

EQUIPMENT LIST









WARM UP CLOSING THE SPACE (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL 1)

ORGANISATION

- The players move around the playing area while avoiding the other players.
- The Coach reduces the size of the playing area throughout by acting as a perimeter on one side making the task gradually more difficult

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- No bumping



GAME PIGGY IN THE MIDDLE (HAVE A BALL / CATCHING & PASSING / LEVEL 3)

ORGANISATION

- The players spread out around the playing area
- One player is designated the 'piggy in the middle'
- The other players pass the ball around attempting to keep it away from the 'piggy in the middle'
- If the ball is dropped or intercepted the player who missed the catch or attempted the pass becomes the new 'piggy in the middle'

KEY POINTS

Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely



ACTIVITY BOUNCE AND CATCH (HAVE A BALL/CATCHING & PASSING / LEVEL 2)

ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Bounce the ball with two hands and catch it again using two hands
- Progress to bounce the ball with one hand
- Continue to catch the ball with two hands

- Using the fingers, push down through the ball to bounce it
- Extend the arms towards the ball to catch it



ACTIVITY 2 TARGET BOUNCE (HAVE A BALL / CATCHING & PASSING / LEVEL 2)



ORGANISATION

- Set out different targets such as markers or hoops on the floor
- The players move around the playing area attempting to bounce the ball to hit the targets as they pass them

KEY POINTS

- Using the fingers, push down through the ball to bounce it
- Extend the arm behind the ball in the direction of the target

ACTIVITY 3 JOG THROUGH LADDER (ABC/RUNNING/LEVEL 2)



ORGANISATION

- Jog through the ladder placing each foot in every second space
- Speed up as technique improves

KEY POINTS

- Run on the balls of the feet; keep the head up and the back straight
- Synchronise arm and leg movement, i.e, lift the right knee and left arm simultaneously and vice versa
- Bend the arms at the elbow and use an exaggerated high arm motion

WARM DOWN MUSICAL CHAIRS (ABC / AGILITY / LEVEL I)



ORGANISATION

- The players run around the playing area randomly
- On a signal from the Coach each player must find a marker in order to remain in the game
- One marker is removed before each round until only one player remains.

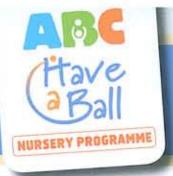
KEY POINTS

No pushing or bumping

SESSION REVIEW

HURLING / AGE 5-6





SESSION THEME

Develop Striking, Balance, Grip and Movement Skills

EQUIPMENT LIST



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WARM UP MUSICAL CHAIRS (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL 1)

ORGANISATION

- The players run around the playing area randomly
- On a signal from the Coach each player must find a marker in order to remain in the game
- One marker is removed before each round until only one player remains

KEY POINTS

No pushing or bumping



GAME SQUASH (HAVE A BALL / STRIKING / LEVEL 2)

ORGANISATION

- The players stand a reasonable distance from the wall
- In turn each strikes the ball as it returns from the wall
- Initially allow the ball to bounce before striking; progress to striking continuously with no bounce

KEY POINTS

- Move the feet to place them side on to the wall
- Strike using the forehand or backhand to suit the oncoming ball



ACTIVITY 1 HURLEY GRIP (HAVE A BALL / STRIKING / LEVEL 3)

ORGANISATION

- Ensure each player has a hurley of appropriate size
- Grip the hurley in the dominant hand as if shaking hands with it
- Hold the hurley out in front of the body with the bas flat; twist it using the wrist
- Wave the hurley up and down to get a sense of the weight.
- To move to the ready position move the feet shoulder width apart
- Lift the hurley in front of the body to hold it with the non-dominant hand above the bas; the toe is pointed upwards
- Practise the ready position in a stationary position, then walking and jogging

- Ensure all players wear a helmet
- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely



ACTIVITY 2 PANCAKE TOSS (HAVE A BALL / STRIKING / LEVEL 2)



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball
- Initially toss the ball only a small distance into the air
- Gradually increase the height of the toss as technique improves

KEY POINTS

- Pick a point in the air to help toss the ball with accuracy
- As the ball impacts the bat on the way down soften the grip to control the ball

ACTIVITY 3 HURLEY DRIBBLE (HAVE A BALL / STRIKING / LEVEL 3)



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a ball; use markers for the players to dribble around
- To vary, allow the players to tap away the balls of the other dribblers
- In pairs one player attempts to follow a partner
- Use obstacles or defenders to dribble past
- Dribble with a big ball or a soft ball or balloon before moving onto a small ball

KEY POINTS

- Use 2 hands and dribble using both sides of the hurley; progress to a 1 handed dribble
- Look up frequently to track the paths of other players

WARM DOWN TRAVELLING (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL I)



ORGANISATION

The players travel around the playing area in different directions and in as many different ways as possible, e.g. jogging, hopping, jumping, sideways, backwards etc.

KEY POINTS

- Each player uses a different pathway
- When moving sideways, don't cross legs
- When moving backwards, look over your shoulder and move on the balls of the feet

SESSION REVIEW

HURLING / AGE 7-8





SESSION THEME

Develop Striking, Balance, Grip and Movement Skills

EQUIPMENT LIST











WARM UP DODGEMS (ABC / AGILITY / LEVEL I)

ORGANISATION

- The players travel around the playing area while avoiding the markers and the other players while pretending to drive dodgems or bumper cars
- To make the task more difficult, reduce the size of the playing area

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to move around safely
- Change pathways to avoid other players
- No bumping

GAME CHASING SHADOWS (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL 3)

ORGANISATION

- The players work in pairs, with one player in each pair designated the leader
- The leader runs around the playing area being followed by their partner
- Whichever way the leader moves the partner must follow as quickly as possible; when the leader stops the partner must also stop
- Switch the roles after a set time

KEY POINTS

- Stop with knees slightly bent, one foot in front of the other for balance; arms should be bent at the elbows, in opposition to the legs, e.g. right leg forward, left arm forward
- After stopping, move off quickly in a new direction



ACTIVITY 1 HURLEY EXTENSION (HAVE A BALL / STRIKING / LEVEL 3)

ORGANISATION

- The players hold the hurley by their side
- Trace an 'x' or 'w' on the ground
- Kick the bas of the hurley with each foot in turn in a stationary position; introduce walking and jogging
- Holding the hurley with both hands swing the hurley above the head
- Touch a ball on the ground with the hurley
- Hold the ball and the hurley at the same time; first in the ready position, then with the hurley up straight beside the dominant shoulder

- Ensure all players wear a helmet
- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely



ACTIVITY 2 LADDER SHUFFLE (ABC/COORDINATION/LEVEL 3)



ORGANISATION

- The player moves through the ladder sideways placing each foot in every space
- Remember to practise this technique leading with both the left and right foot

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the ladder is properly laid out; reset it if necessary before each 'go'
- Use the arms to maintain balance
- Do not cross the legs

ACTIVITY 3 HURLEY KEEPIE UPPY (HAVE A BALL / STRIKING / LEVEL 3)



ORGANISATION

- Each player has a balloon or ball
- Strike the balloon or ball into the air continuously
- Progress from batting the ball to using a full striking action

KEY POINTS

- Ensure the players have enough room to perform the exercise safely
- Alternate between controlling and striking to reduce the difficulty

WARM DOWN TRAVELLING (ABC/AGILITY/LEVEL I)



ORGANISATION

The players travel around the playing area in different directions and in as many different ways as possible, e.g. jogging, hopping, jumping, sideways, backwards etc.

KEY POINTS

- Each player uses a different pathway
- When moving sideways, don't cross legs
- When moving backwards, look over your shoulder and move on the balls of the feet

SESSION REVIEW

BUILD YOUR OWN SESSION

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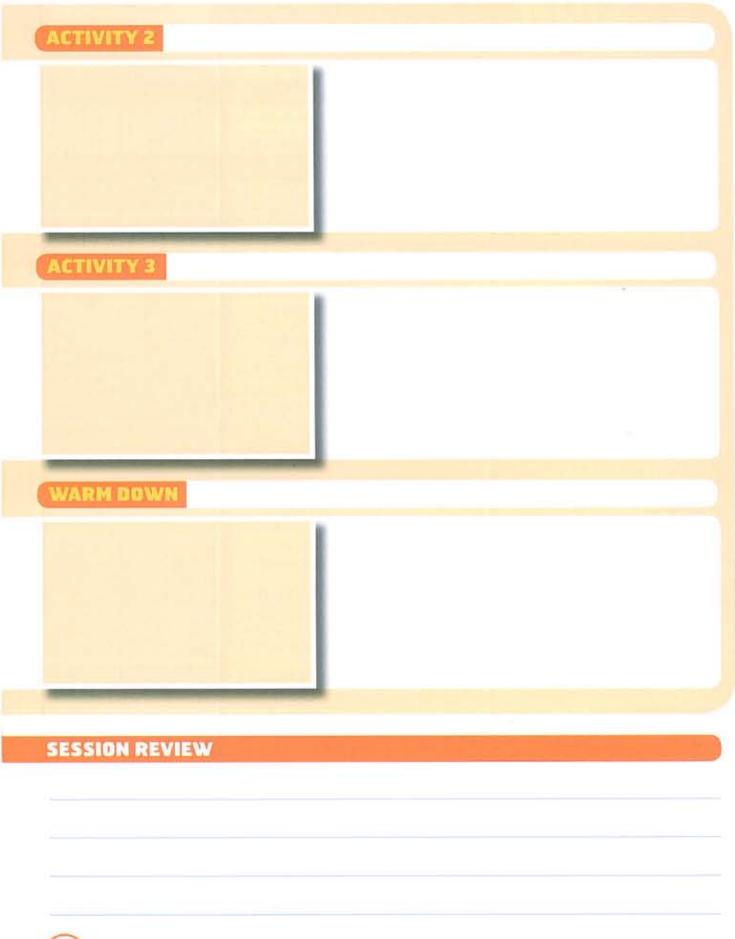
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SESSION THEME	
EQUIPMENT LIST	
WARM UP	
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ACTIVITY 1	

BUILD YOUR OWN SESSION



OTHER Fun Do RESOURCES

GAA Fun Do HURLING RESOURCE

The GAA Fun Do Learning Resource Pack for Hurling incorporates a number of elements which enable Coaches to assist and challenge players to develop their full playing potential in a fun-filled environment. These elements are as follows:

- Lift and Strike Coaching Classes Wall Ball Sample Sessions U Can Awards
- Skill Star Challenge

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GAA Fun Do FOOTBALL RESOURCE

The GAA Fun Do Learning Resource Pack for Gaelic Football incorporates a number of elements which enable Coaches to assist and challenge players to develop their full playing potential in a fun-filled environment. These elements are as follows:

- Catch and Kick Coaching Classes Sample Sessions U Can Awards
- Skill Star Challenge

GAA Fun Do GO GAMES RESOURCE

When children play games amongst themselves, everyone will get a 'Go' for the entire 'Game' - hence the name 'Go Games'. These are a series of small-sided skill development games - First Touch (U-8), Quick Touch (U-10) and Smart Touch (U-12) - where the playing rules and equipment are modified to ensure that participants develop the skills of the game and derive maximum enjoyment while doing so.

GAA Fun Do COACHES RESOURCE

The GAA Fun Do Coaching Information Resource Pack includes a range of information for coaches. Topics such as catering for the needs of children in a fun and positive environment, organising and planning sessions, introducing new skills, varying activities to suit the needs of players of different needs and abilities are all included in this section.

The GAA Code of Best Practice for Youth Sport

Cumann Lúthchleas Gael believes that a youth-centred approach should be adopted by everyone involved in the promotion and development of Gaelic games at underage level. The Grassroots to National Programme (GNP) and the associated Fun Do initiatives are firmly rooted in this philosophy, a philosophy that may be best summed up in the statement: "the greater the sense of achievement, fun and fair play that young people experience when participating in Gaelic games, the more they will enjoy their involvement and strive to develop their true potential".









CODE OF BEST

